

## Jones (5<sup>th</sup> Metatarsal) Fracture ORIF – Postoperative Protocol – Dr. Pao

WEEKS	Key Points / Considerations	Misc
0-4	-Non-weight-bearing (NWB) for the entire phaseSplint – wks 0-2. Boot wks 2-4First post op appointment at 2 wks: X-Rays, Sutures out, Transition to boot, Remain NWB.	Goal: Protect the surgical repair and manage swelling.  Precautions:  Use crutches/knee
	<ul> <li>Toe ROM: Gentle ROM exercises for toes to prevent stiffness.</li> <li>Ankle pumps and circles: To promote circulation and prevent stiffness, without stressing the fracture site. (at 2 wks)</li> <li>Core and upper body strengthening: Maintain overall conditioning.</li> <li>Seated calf raises, toe towel curls desensitization massage begin at 2 wks</li> <li>Wk 2- start using bone stimulator once out of the splint</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Secretain system</li> <li>scooter.</li> <li>Keep the foot elevated to control swelling.</li> <li>Monitor for signs of complications (e.g., infection, excessive swelling).</li> </ul>
4-8	<ul> <li>-Weight-Bearing: Partial weight-bearing (PWB) initiated at 4 weeks, progressing as tolerated. Start WB using crutches/boot, can likely be full WB in boot by 10-14 days. Transition to shoe by weeks 6-8.</li> <li>Proprioceptive training started in boot, biking in boot</li> <li>Continue toe ROM and ankle mobility exercises.</li> <li>Isometric strengthening of lower leg (without significant stress on the foot).</li> <li>Begin gentle resistance exercises for the ankle (e.g., banded dorsiflexion, inversion/eversion) by Week 6.</li> <li>Wk 6 -Standing bilateral calf raises. Use pain as guide to progress towards single leg calf raise</li> </ul>	Goal: Begin controlled weight-bearing, continue protecting the surgical site.  Precautions:  Avoid high-impact activities.  Ensure progressive increase in weight-bearing without pain or swelling.
8-12	<ul> <li>Weight-Bearing: Continue full weight-bearing as tolerated in regular shoe with carbon fiber plate (CFP).</li> <li>Full range of motion (ROM) exercises for the ankle and foot.</li> <li>Progress to weight-bearing balance and proprioception training (e.g., single-leg stance, balance board).</li> <li>Resisted strengthening exercises: Start lower leg resistance exercises, focusing on calf raises and toe curls.</li> <li>Aquatic therapy: If available, begin low-impact water-based exercises.</li> </ul>	Goal: Transition to full weight-bearing and wean off the boot.  Precautions:  Ensure no limping during walking in the boot or after transitioning to regular footwear.  Monitor for any signs of pain during full weight-bearing.

12+ -Full weight-bearing in normal footwear with the carbon fiber insert.

-Progress to full participation in practice with close monitoring.
\*Return to Play: Full clearance based on clinical exam, functional testing, and imaging if necessary\*

- Progress to single-leg strengthening exercises (e.g., single-leg squats, lunges).
- Advanced balance and proprioception drills (e.g., dynamic balance, agility drills).
- Sport-specific drills: Gradually reintroduce running, cutting, and jumping mechanics.
- Continue calf strengthening and foot intrinsic muscle training.
- Continue strength and conditioning for lower extremity, focusing on explosive movements and agility.
- Plyometrics and sport-specific drills: Progress intensity gradually.
- Use carbon fiber insert for sports at least 6 months post op.
- Clamshell splint in cleat made from perforated aquaplast, wean directly on skin (if available)

**Goal:** Restore functional strength, mobility, and endurance.

## **Precautions:**

- Avoid high-impact or competitive play until cleared by a physician and confirmation of radiographic healing
- Gradual return to sportspecific activities is crucial to prevent re-injury.

## **Guidelines:**

- The post op protocol may be adjusted based on timing of the injury/surgery, the athlete's recovery, symptoms, and functional progress.
- Protocol may be altered in a revision scenario.
- It is normal for the operative limb to be swollen up to 6-12 months post-op.
- The patient may drive if the surgery is on the LEFT foot as pain and swelling allows, if balance can be maintained, and patient can adhere to post op protocol.
- If the surgery is on the RIGHT foot, consult your surgeon before resuming driving.
- It is important to bring this protocol to your PT appointments, so your therapist is aware of the precautions.
- It is extremely important to avoid falling in the post-operative period, as this increases the risk of compromising the repair / incision line.
- Important to use bone stimulator (if prescribed by the surgeon) throughout the recovery as directed.
- Some patients may have bone graft taken from the iliac crest. This is done to augment the repair.
   Typically there is a dry dressing placed there without any sutures.